



**Shri Shivaji Education Society's
Board for Higher Education Vidyanagar Karad.**



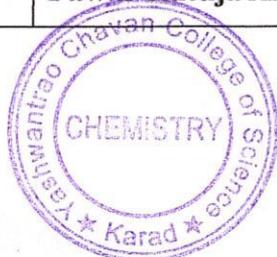
YASHWANTRAO CHAVAN COLLEGE OF SCIENCE, KARAD

IQAC & Department of Chemistry

**Name of activity: "To Determination of Nitrogen Percentage from Soil by
Kjeldahl method."
Year 2024-25**

Index

| Sr. No. | Name of Students |
|----------------|--------------------------|
| 1. | Mahadik Rahul Ramchandra |
| 2. | Patil Sanskruti Dadaso |
| 3. | Dagale Rajesh Ramchandra |
| 4. | Karande Subhash Sahebrao |
| 5. | Kasid Gorakhnath Uttam |
| 6. | Kadam Dadaso Hanmant |
| 7. | Chavan Sanjay Vilas |
| 8. | Patil Diksha Dinkar |
| 9. | Kadam Sheetal Bhaskar |
| 10. | Gharge Sanika Anil |
| 11. | Kashid Sanjivini Shivaji |
| 12. | Kanase Dhanshree Dipak |
| 13. | Hardas Shreya Popat |
| 14. | Pawar Samruddhi Mukund |
| 15. | Kadam Khasaba Laxman |
| 16. | Mane Natha Baburao |
| 17. | Pawar Nathuram Pandurang |
| 18. | Pawar Suresh Shamrao |
| 19. | Namdas Ganesh Mohan |
| 20. | Pawar Rutuja Anil |



Head
Department of Chemistry
Yashwantrao Chavan College of
Science, Karad

Yashwantrao Chavan College of Science, Karad

IQAC & Department of Chemistry organizing,
Extension Activity 2024-25

Name of activity- "To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method."

Purpose:

Using the Kjeldahl Method: The Kjeldahl method is a scientific approach to accurately determine nitrogen content in the soil.
Nitrogen for Plant Growth: Nitrogen is a fundamental nutrient for plants, influencing their growth, vitality, and overall health. Measuring nitrogen levels helps ensure an optimal environment for plant development.
Agricultural Impact: Maintaining the right balance of nitrogen in the soil is crucial for crop productivity. This activity supports farmers in making informed decisions about fertilization to enhance plant growth.

No. of beneficiaries:

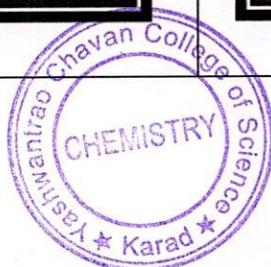
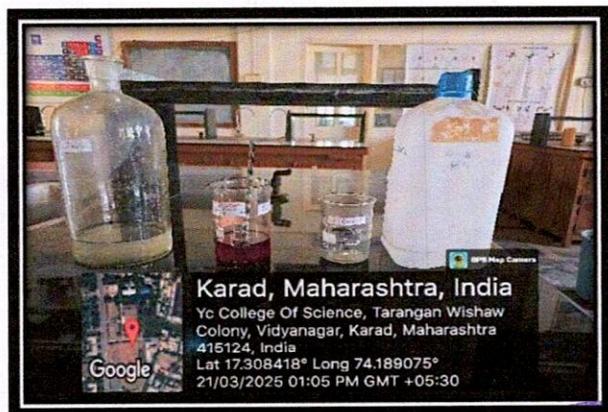
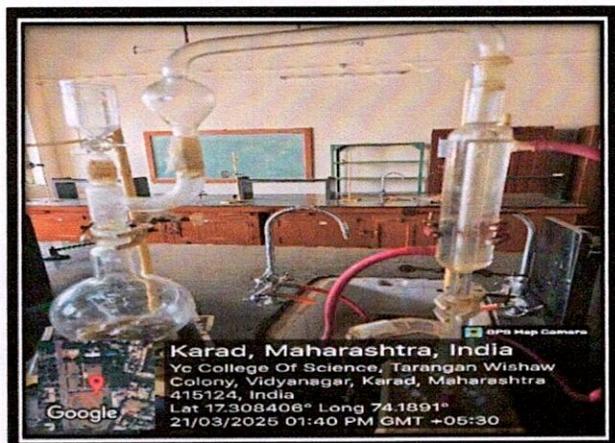
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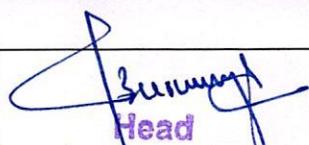
Outcome/ success achieved:

Nutrient Management: Helps optimize nutrient levels for crop growth and improve agricultural productivity.
Crop Health and Yield: Adequate nitrogen is crucial for plant growth; the data aids in predicting and enhancing crop yield
Educational Value: Serves as an educational tool for students and researchers to understand the link between soil nutrients and plant growth.

Teachers involved in the activity

| | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Prof. Dr. S. H. Burungale | Prof. Dr. A. V. Mali | Mr. A. N. Bhingare |
| Dr. R.S. Patil | Dr. B. E. Mahadik | Mr. G. B. Dhake |
| Dr. U. P. Lad | Dr. V. S. Patil | Mr. S. D. Karande |
| Dr. S. D. Jadhav | Dr. K. s. Jagadhane | Mr. M. I. Maneri |
| Mr. M. K. Mahale | Mrs. N. R. Panwal | Mrs. R. A. Kadam |




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Extension Activity

Name of Activity: "To Determination of Nitrogen Percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method."

| Sr. No. | Name of Farmer | Address | Soil Received Date | Mobile No. | Sign |
|---------|--------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------|------------|
| 13 | Rahul Ramchandra Mahadik | Air Chinchoni (Ambak) Tal - Kadagan Dist - Sangli | 15/8/2025 | 89999 42345 | Rahul |
| 21 | महाराज बाबूजी दादासा | श. धोरेबाग नं. 29 ता. धोरेड जि. सांगली | 29/8/28 | 9322376719 | दादासा |
| 3 | राजेंद्र रामचंद्र दादासा | श. भांबोडी ता. धोरेड जि. सांगली | 30/8/28 | 7498379946 | राजेंद्र |
| 4 | श्रीगणेश शिंदेराव कपडे | श. शिंदेराव ता. कडोडा जि. सांगली | 30/8/28 | 7448132930 | 55 Karande |
| 5 | Kashid Gopaknath uttam | A/P:- Mavur tal - Karad Dist :- Satara | 30/8/24 | 8530036814 | Kashid |
| 6 | Kadam Dadaso hamant | HT. Post Madali tal - Patan Dist - Satara | 31/12025 | 756845038 | Hamant |
| 7 | Chavan Sanjay Vilas | AT. Post Kundal tal - Palus Dist - Sangli | 3-1/2025 | 9270584286 | Sanjay |



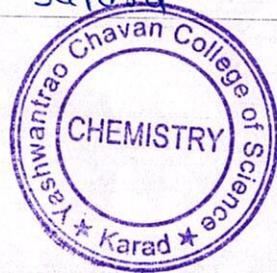
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Extension Activity

Name of Activity: "To Determination of Nitrogen Percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method."

| Sr. No. | Name of Farmer | Address | Soil Received Date | Mobile No. | Sign |
|---------|-----------------------|--|--------------------|------------|-------------------|
| 8. | Patil Diksha Dinkar | AT. post kalgaon Tal patal. Dist Satara | 18/01/2025 | 9765802707 | <u>Patil</u> |
| 9. | Kadam Sheetal Bhaykar | AT. Kadamwadi Post. P.T. Wansun Tal- shirala. Dist- sangli | 31-01-2025 | 9172064049 | <u>Sheetal</u> |
| 10. | वार्णे सामिका आनिल | A.T. Post. Gopuji Tal- Khatev. Dist- Satara | 31-1-2025 | 8149193783 | <u>S.A. Gadge</u> |
| 11. | काशीद संजीवनी शिवाजी | AT Post. Koparde Tal- Karad Dist- Satara | 21/2/2025 | 9272830741 | <u>Sanjivani</u> |
| 12. | कासै हतश्री दिपक | AT. post shenoli Tal- Karad Dist- Satara | 21/2/2025 | 8308820074 | <u>P. Kasai</u> |
| 13. | हर्यास श्रेया पोपट | A.T Post Kaletek Tal- Karad Dist- Satara | 21/2/2025 | 8799831801 | <u>Harshada</u> |
| 14. | Pawar Samuddhi Mukund | A.T Post chachegoon Tal- Karad Dist- Satara | 25/2/2025 | 7387664950 | <u>Samudra</u> |

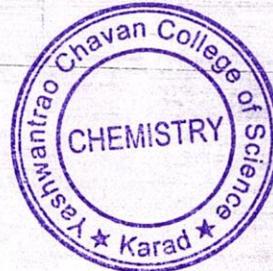


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| Sr. No. | Name of Farmer | Address | Soil Received Date | Mobile No. | Sign |
|---------|------------------------|--|--------------------|------------|------|
| 15. | श्रीशाळा लक्ष्मण कुटेम | मु. गवैवाडी पो. मन्हारपेड ता. पाटण जि. सातारा | 28/02/2025 | 9130416467 | |
| 16 | नाथा धाकुराव माने | मु. पो. नाथवाडी (शमसे) ता. पाटण जि. सातारा | 28-12/2025 | 7276582298 | |
| 17 | अशुराम पांडुरंग पवार | मु. पो. करपेवाडी ता. पाटण जि. सातारा | 12/3/25 | 8380812420 | |
| 18 | सुरेश शामराव पवार | मु. पो. तळमावळे ता. पाटण जि. सातारा | 12/3/25 | 7992687505 | |
| 19) | गणेश मोहन नामदास | शेळीमी स्टेशन शेरे | 15/3/25 | 9172428912 | |
| 20) | अरुजा अनिल पवार | मु. फोडोली. ता. करण जि. सातारा | 15/3/25 | 9730189990 | |



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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Mahadik Rahul Ramchandra

Address :A/p. Chinchani Tal. Kadegaon Dist. Sangli

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 11.5 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 11.5) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

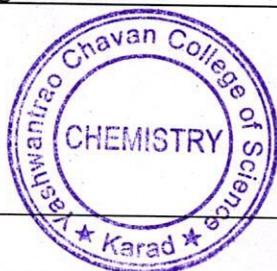
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(13.5) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 1.89 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **1.89 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |



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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Patil Sanskruti Dadaso

Address :A/p. Koregaon Tal. Karad Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1 gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 18.1 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V2-V1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 18.1) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

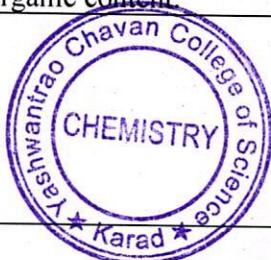
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(6.9) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 0.96 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **0.96 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |



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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Dagale Rajesh Ramchandra

Address :A/p. Arewadi Tal. Karad Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1 gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 15 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 15) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

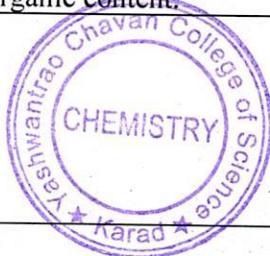
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(10) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

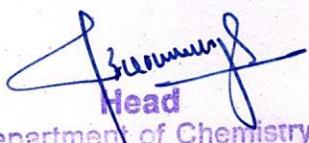
$$\% \text{ of N} = 1.40 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **1.40 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |




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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Karande Subhash Sahebrao

Address :A/p. Shalgaon Tal. Karegaon Dist. Sangli

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 15.4 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V2-V1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 15.4) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

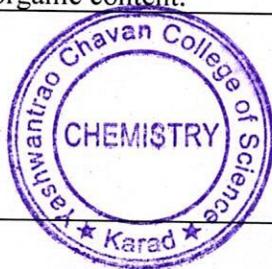
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(9.6) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 1.34 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **1.34 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |




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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Kasid Gorakhnath Uttam

Address :A/p. Masur Tal. Karad Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 12.9 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 12.9) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

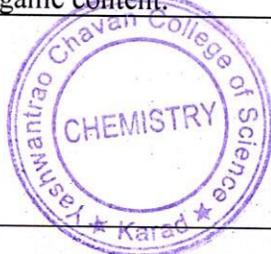
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(12.1) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 1.69 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **1.69 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |



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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Kadam Dadaso Hanmant

Address : A/p. Marali Tal. Karad Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 8.3 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 8.3) \times 0.1 \times 14.01}{1}$$

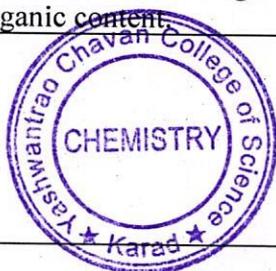
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(16.7) \times 0.1 \times 14.01}{1}$$

% of N 2.33 %

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **2.33 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |



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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Chavan Sanjay Vilas

Address : A/p. Kundal Tal. Palus Dist. Sangli

Weight of Soil taken = 1 gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 5.2

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 5.2) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

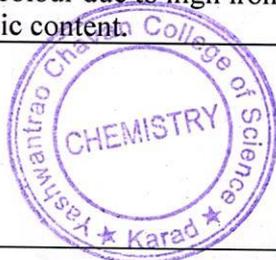
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(19.8) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 2.77 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is 2.77 %.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |



Sanjay Vilas
Head

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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Patil Diksha Dinkar

Address :A/p. Kalgaon Tal. Patan Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1 gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 18.9 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 18.9) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

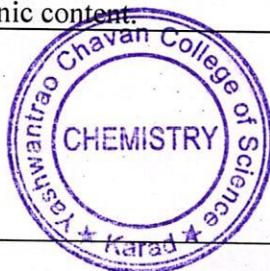
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(6.1) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 0.85 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **0.85 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |



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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Kadam Sheetal Bhaskar

Address :A/p. Kadamwadi Tal. Shirala Dist. Sangli

Weight of Soil taken = 1 gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 21.6 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 21.6) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

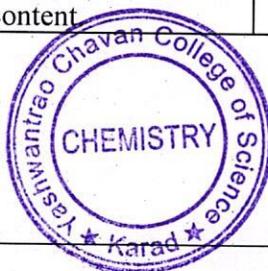
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(3.4) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 0.47 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **0.47 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |



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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Gharge Sanika Anil

Address :A/p. Gopuj Tal. Khatav Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 3.0 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 11.5

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 8) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

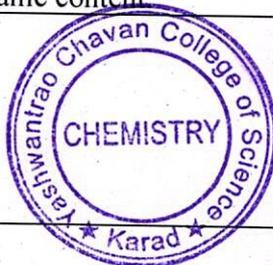
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(17) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

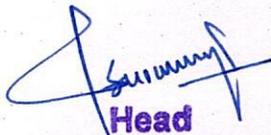
$$\% \text{ of N} = 2.38 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is 2.38 %.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |




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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Kashid Sanjivini Shivaji

Address :A/p. Koparde Tal. Karad Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 22.2 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 23.8) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

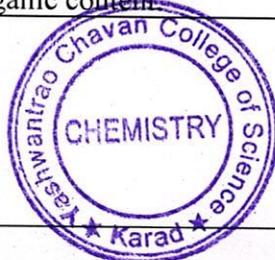
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(1.2) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

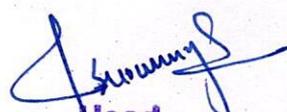
$$\% \text{ of N} = 0.16 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **0.16 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |




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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Kanase Dhanshree Dipak

Address :A/p. Shenoli Tal. Karad Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 1.9 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 1.9) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

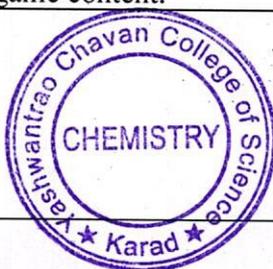
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(23.1) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

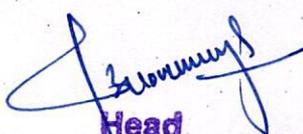
$$\% \text{ of N} = 3.23 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **3.23 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |




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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Hardas Shreya Popat

Address :A/p. Kaletak Tal. Karad Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 8.6 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 8.6) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

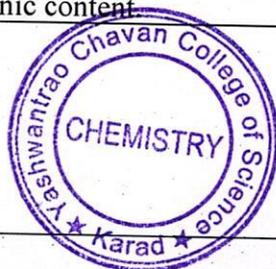
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(16.4) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 2.29 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is 2.29 %.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, dark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |



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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Pawar Samruddhi Mukund

Address :A/p. Chenchegaon Tal. Karad Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 11.1 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 11.1) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

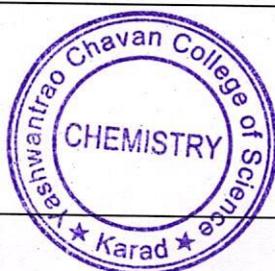
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(13.9) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 1.94 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **1.94 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |



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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Kadam Khasaba Laxman

Address :A/p. Ganewad Tal. Patan Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1 gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 14.9 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 14.9) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

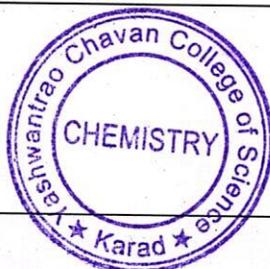
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(10.1) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 1.41 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **1.41 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |



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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Mane Natha Baburao

Address :A/p. Tambewadi Tal. Patan Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 1.6 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 0.8) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

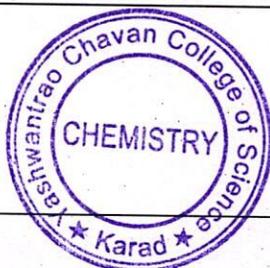
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(24.2) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 3.39 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **3.39 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |




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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Pawar Nathuram Pandurang

Address :A/p. Karpewadi Tal. Patan Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1 gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 4 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 4.0) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

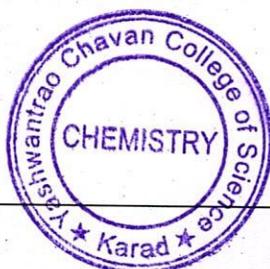
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(21) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 2.90 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **2.90 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |



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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Pawar Suresh Shamrao

Address :A/p. Talmavale Tal. Patan Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 2.6 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V_2 - V_1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 3.6) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

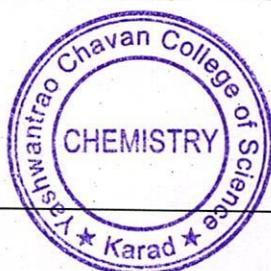
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(21.4) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 2.99 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **2.99 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, dark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |



Suresh Shamrao
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Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Namdas Ganesh Mohan

Address :A/p. Shenoli St. (Shere) Tal. Karad Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 20.1 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V2-V1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 20.1) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

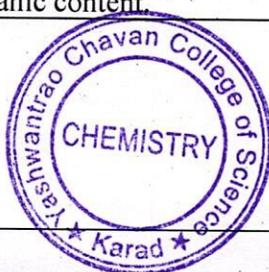
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(4.9) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

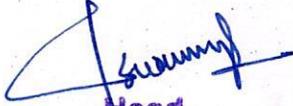
$$\% \text{ of N} = 0.68 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **0.68 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
| Loam/Black Soil | High in clay, ark black or deep brown in colour due to high iron and organic content. | 1.50 – 3.00 | 2.50 |




Head
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 Yashwantrao Chavan College of
 Science, Karad

Yashwantrao Chavan College of Science, Karad

IQAC & Department of Chemistry organizing,

Extension Activity 2024-25

Name of Activity: To determination of Nitrogen percentage from Soil by Kjeldahl method.

Name of Farmer: Pawar Rutuja Anil

Address :A/p. Kadoli Tal. Karad Dist. Satara

Weight of Soil taken = 1gm

Volume of HCl used for sample Blank titration (V1) = 25 ml

Volume of HCl used for blank Back titration (V2) = 6.3 ml

Normality of HCl = 0.1 N

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(V2-V1) \times N \times 14.01}{W \times 1000} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(25 - 6.3) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

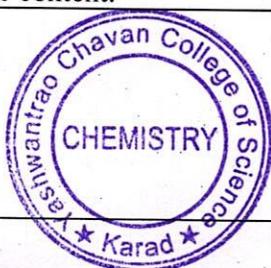
$$\% \text{ of N} = \frac{(18.7) \times 0.1 \times 1.401}{1}$$

$$\% \text{ of N} = 2.61 \%$$

Thus, the nitrogen content in the soil sample is **2.61 %**.

Soil Type Characteristics Nitrogen Content (%)

| Soil Type | Characteristics | Standard Range (%) | Experimentally Nitrogen Content (%) |
|-------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Clay Soil | Small particles, high water retention, mineral-rich | 0.10 – 2.00 | 1.80 |
| Sandy Soil | Loose, poor in organic matter, large particles, poor water retention, low nutrients | 0.02 – 1.00 | 0.90 |
| Alluvial Soil | Nutrient-rich, found in river plains | 0.05 – 2.50 | 2.10 |
| Red/Laterite Soil | Rich in iron oxides | 0.10 – 1.80 | 1.50 |
| Saline Soil | High salt content, poor drainage, unfriendly for crops | 0.02 – 0.10 | 1.10 |
| Peaty Soil | High organic matter, found in wet regions | 2.50 – 4.00 | 3.20 |
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[Signature]
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